### **AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

### AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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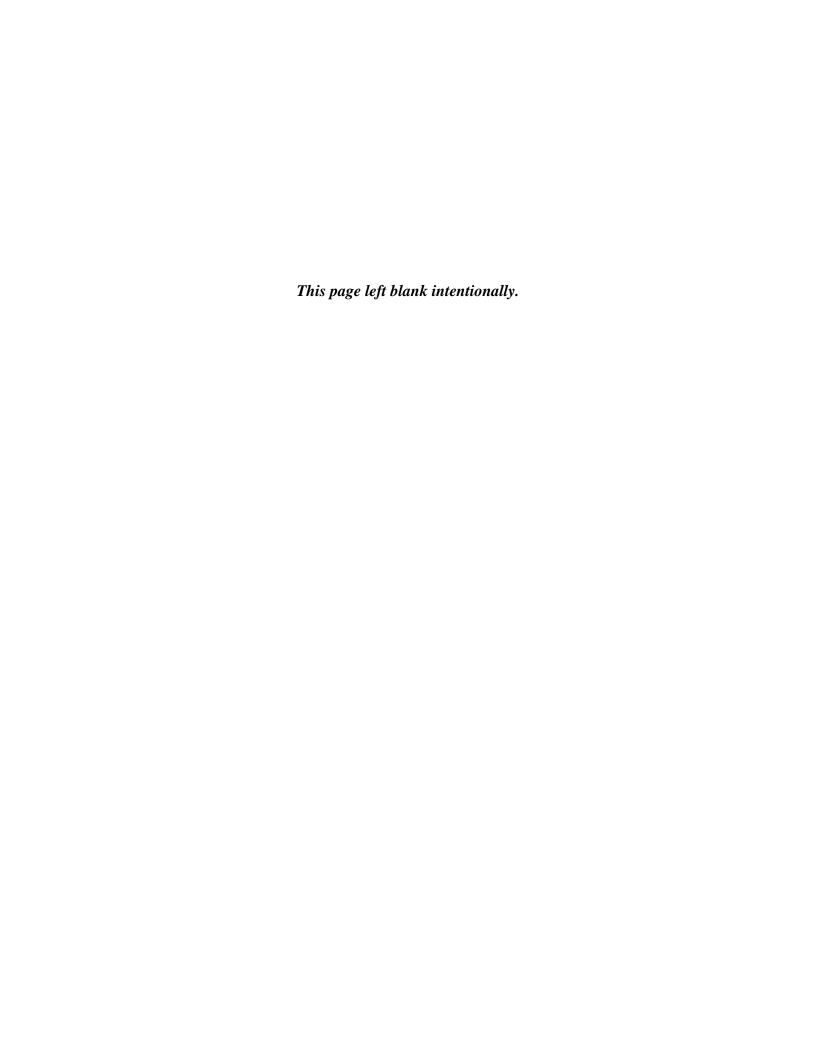
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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Franklin, North Carolina

### **Report On the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the Town of Franklin, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Franklin's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Franklin ABC Board, which represents 73% of the assets, 73% of net position, and 95% of revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Franklin ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Town of Franklin ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in

the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the Town of Franklin, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note G to the financial statements, for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB 68 and Amendments to certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-Employment Benefits Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Franklin's basic financial statements. The budgetary schedules, Tourism Development Authority schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary schedules, Tourism Development Authority schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed above, and the report of other auditors, the budgetary schedules, Tourism Development Authority schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

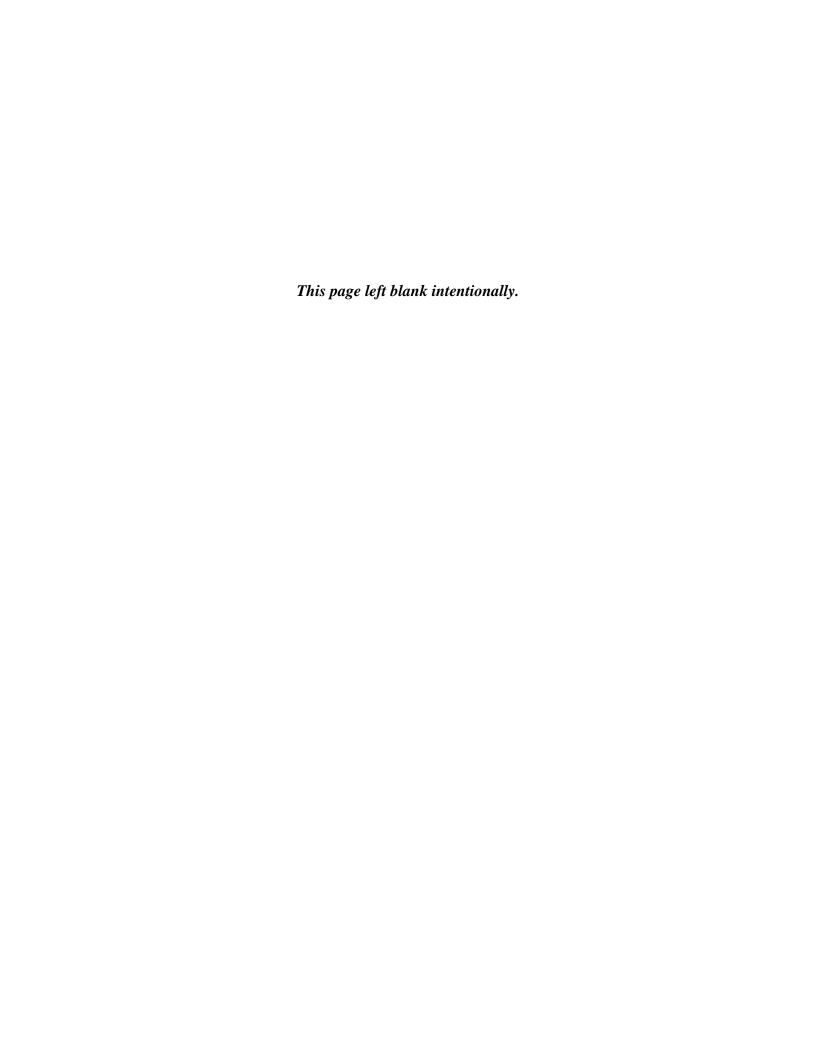
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2017 on our consideration of the Town of Franklin's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Franklin's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Franklin's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

October 13, 2017



### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Franklin, we offer readers of the Town of Franklin's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Franklin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Franklin exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$26,842,518 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$809,040, due to an increase in governmental net position and an increase in business-type activities net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Franklin's General Fund reported total ending fund balance of \$2,834,445, an increase of \$122,576, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 37.4 percent of this total amount, or \$1,059,286, is restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,453,718, or 51 percent, of total General Fund expenditures.
- The Town of Franklin's total debt decreased by \$832,821 during the current fiscal year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Franklin's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Franklin.

### **Required Components of Annual Financial Report** Figure 1 Management's Basic Discussion and Financial Analysis Statements Government-Wide Notes to the Fund Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements

### **Basic Financial Statements**

Summary -

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **government-wide financial statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

Detail

The next statements (Exhibits C through I) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component unit. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as general government, public safety, transportation, and cultural and recreation. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Franklin. The final category is the component units, of which the Town has two. The Town of Franklin Tourism Development Authority is considered a component unit of the Town because the Town exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to expend the local occupancy taxes promoting travel and tourism for the Town. Although legally separate from the Town, the Town of Franklin ABC Board is important to the Town, because the Town exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the Town. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Franklin, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Franklin can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Franklin adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Town of Franklin has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Franklin uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 24 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Franklin's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 59 of this report.

### **Interdependence with Other Entities**

The Town depends on financial resources flowing from or associated with both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

#### **Town of Franklin's Net Position**

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	<u> </u>		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$2,993,720	\$2,877,073	\$ 4,458,722	\$ 3,938,974	\$ 7,452,442	\$ 6,816,047	
Capital assets	6,735,692	6,276,643	23,517,575	23,675,100	30,253,267	29,951,743	
Total assets	9,729,412	9,153,716	27,976,297	27,614,074	37,705,709	36,767,790	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	475,523	106,664	269,823	62,644	745,346	169,308	
Liabilities:							
Long-term liabilities							
outstanding	3,241,115	2,342,205	8,067,552	8,435,083	11,308,667	10,777,288	
Other liabilities	106,195	106,369	140,282	116,409	246,477	222,778	
Total liabilities	3,347,310	2,448,574	8,207,834	8,551,492	11,555,144	11,000,066	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	40,425	63,361	12,968	36,874	53,393	100,235	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	5,473,498	4,829,711	16,090,496	15,599,938	21,563,994	20,429,649	
Restricted	1,059,286	1,088,281	-	-	1,059,286	1,088,281	
Unrestricted	284,416	830,453	3,934,822	3,488,414	4,219,238	4,318,867	
Total net position	\$6,817,200	\$6,748,445	\$20,025,318	<u>\$19,088,352</u>	\$26,842,518	\$25,836,797	

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Franklin exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$26,842,518 as of June 30, 2017. The Town's net position increased by \$809,040 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. However, the largest portion (80%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, equipment, vehicles, furniture, infrastructure, and distribution systems). The Town of Franklin uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Franklin's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Franklin's net position \$1,059,286, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$4,219,238 is unrestricted.

The following aspect of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

• Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes in the current year and a decrease in operating expenditures

# Town of Franklin's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

		nmental	Busines	• •		
		vities	Activ			otal
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 99,890	\$ 122,880	\$ 3,913,897	\$ 3,555,872	\$ 4,013,787	\$ 3,678,752
Operating grants	69,385	-	36,937	38,725	106,322	38,725
Capital grants	139,845	291,111	-	-	139,845	291,111
General revenues:						
Property taxes	1,954,034	1,964,206	-	-	1,954,034	1,964,206
Other taxes	1,294,339	1,293,043	-	-	1,294,339	1,293,043
Miscellaneous	736,443	752,466	-	-	736,443	752,466
Investment earnings	6,740	4,272	7,783	4,040	14,523	8,312
Total revenues	4,300,676	4,427,978	3,958,617	3,598,637	8,259,293	8,026,615
Expenses:						
General government	1,173,433	1,034,297	_	_	1,173,433	1,034,297
Public safety	2,396,634	2,161,764	_	_	2,396,634	2,161,764
Transportation	422,905	343,498	_	_	422,905	343,498
Planning and economic	175,605	166,193	_	_	175,605	166,193
Interest on long-term debt	75,525	66,943	_	_	75,525	66,943
Water and sewer	-	-	3,206,151	3,052,912	3,206,151	3,052,912
Total expenses	4,244,102	3,772,695	3,206,151	3,052,912	7,450,253	6,825,607
1 otal expenses	.,2 : :,1 02	3,772,000	2,200,101	3,002,512	7,100,200	0,020,007
Change in net position	56,574	655,283	752,466	545,725	809,040	1,201,008
Net Position:						
Beginning of year - July 1	6,748,445	6,093,162	19,088,352	18,542,627	25,836,797	24,635,789
Restatement	12,181	-	184,500	-	196,681	-
Beginning of year - July 1,	12,101		10.,000		150,001	
as restated	6,760,626	6,093,162	19,272,852	18,542,627	26,033,478	24,635,789
as restated	0,700,020	0,075,102	17,272,032	10,5 12,027	20,000,170	21,000,707
End of year - June 30	\$ 6,817,200	\$ 6,748,445	\$ 20,025,318	\$ 19,088,352	\$ 26,842,518	\$ 25,836,797

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$56,574.

Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Decreases in the current fiscal year in operating expenses in general government, public safety, transportation, and planning & economic

**Business-Type Activities.** Business-type activities increased the Town of Franklin's net position by \$752,466. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Decreased operating costs in the current fiscal year

### **Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds**

As noted earlier, the Town of Franklin uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the Town of Franklin's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Franklin's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Franklin. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Franklin's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$2,453,718, while total fund balance reached \$2,834,445. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 53% of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 59% of General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2017, the General Fund of the Town of Franklin reported an increase in fund balance of 4.5 percent over last year, primarily due to decreased expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

**Proprietary Funds**. The Town of Franklin's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$3,934,822. The total increase in net position for the Fund was \$752,466. Other factors concerning the finances of the fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Franklin's business-type activities.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The Town of Franklin's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2017 totals \$30,253,267 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, equipment, furnishings and fixtures, vehicles, infrastructure, and water and sewer distribution systems.

## Town of Franklin's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 3

	 Govern Acti	_		 Busines Activi	• •	Total				
	 2017		2016	 2017		2016		2017		2016
Land	\$ 3,155,326	\$	2,745,138	\$ 1,025,550	\$	841,050	\$	4,180,876	\$	3,586,188
Construction in progress	-		-	293,870		254,970		293,870		254,970
Infrastructure	387,589		308,469	-		-		387,589		308,469
Buildings	2,176,342		2,234,680	1,253,423		1,258,116		3,429,765		3,492,796
Improvements to facilities	54,541		60,128	27,395		30,023		81,936		90,151
Vehicles	590,792		720,242	77,390		71,697		668,182		791,939
Equipment and furniture	371,102		207,986	117,352		65,167		488,454		273,153
Water and sewer										
distribution systems	 <u>-</u>	_		 20,722,595	_	21,154,077		20,722,595		21,154,077
Total	\$ 6,735,692	\$	6,276,643	\$ 23,517,575	\$	23,675,100	\$	30,253,267	\$	29,951,743

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2A of the basic financial statements.

**Long-Term Debt.** As of June 30, 2017, the Town of Franklin had no bonded debt outstanding.

### **Capital Leases and Other Long-Term Liabilities**

Figure 4

	Governmental Activities			Busines Activ	• •	Total				
	2017	2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Capital leases	\$ 125,146	\$	399,692	\$ 	\$		\$	125,146	\$	399,692
Installment purchases										
and notes payable	1,137,048		1,047,240	7,427,079		8,075,162		8,564,127		9,122,402
OPEB	399,079		359,925	247,937		225,677		647,016		585,602
Net pension liability (LGERS)	528,677		111,682	310,494		65,592		839,171		177,274
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	 818,775		316,329	 		<u>-</u>		818,775		316,329
Total	\$ 3,008,725	\$	2,234,868	\$ 7,985,510	\$	8,366,431	\$	10,994,235	\$	10,601,299

### **Town of Franklin's Outstanding Debt**

The Town of Franklin's total debt decreased by \$832,821 during the past fiscal year.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Franklin is \$54,837,463.

Additional information regarding the Town of Franklin's long-term debt can be found in notes to the basic financial statements.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

 Sales tax revenues remain stable and water and sewer revenues continue a steady increase due to commercial development in the area. Tourism and related business remains a primary driver of the Town economy.

### **Budget Highlights for the Year Ending June 30, 2018**

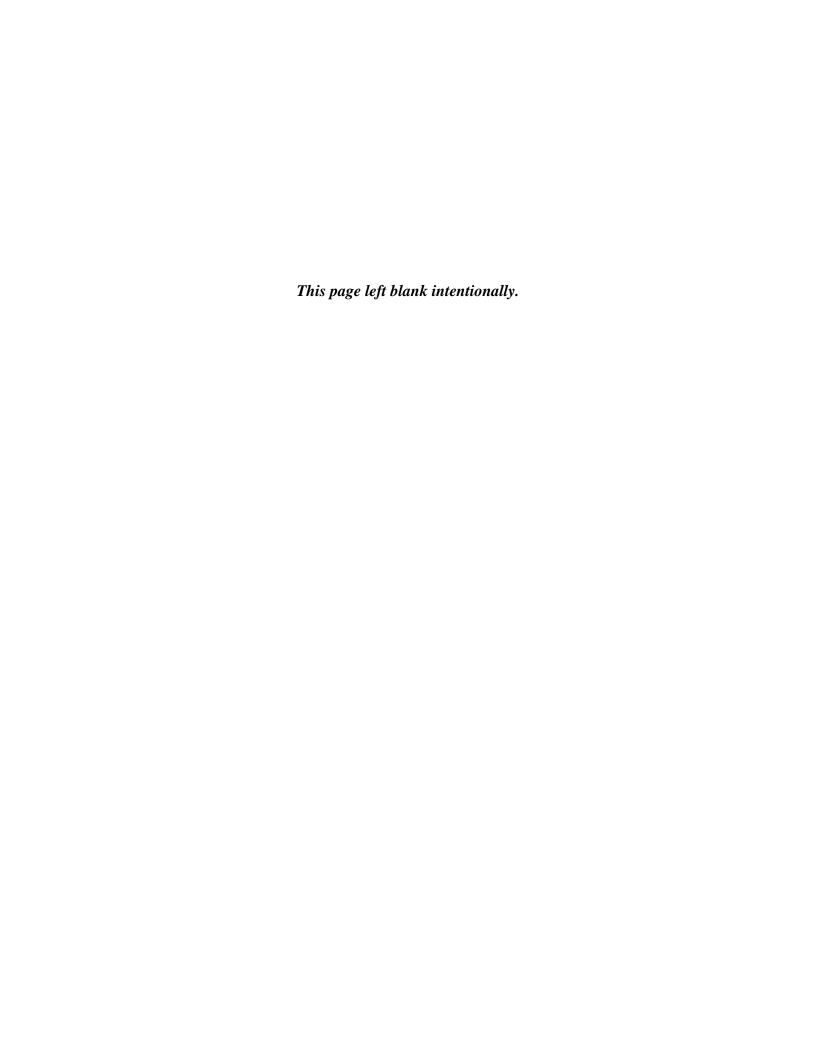
**Governmental Activities.** The General Fund budget was increased by \$255,719. There was no tax increase this fiscal year.

Budgeted expenditures have been maintained at levels consistent with the fiscal year 2016-2017 through item-specific savings while continuing to provide necessary services. Employee benefits remained unchanged with the exception of a 2% cost-of-living adjustment and a one-time, 1%, payment based on salary for full-time employees. Employee benefit contributions remain the same with the exception of the employee contribution percentage for family health coverage.

**Business-Type Activities.** Water and sewer rates were increased this current fiscal year based on the detailed water rate study that was completed in fiscal year 2014-2015. The Town is continuing to work on Phase I of the Water Plant Upgrade and Expansion project with construction scheduled to begin September 2017.

### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the following: Summer Woodard, Town Manager, PO Box 1479, Franklin, North Carolina 28744; phone - 828-524-2516; website - www.franklinnc.com.



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	1	Primary Governmen	Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Town of Franklin ABC Board	Town of Franklin Tourism Development Authority	
Assets: Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,867,967	\$ 3,873,502	\$ 5,741,469	\$ 165,682	\$ 175,320	
Certificate of deposit	- 1,007,707	ψ 5,675,502 -	\$ 5,741,407	42,558	ū 175,520 -	
Receivables, net:				12,000		
Taxes	66,467	-	66,467	-	-	
Accounts	242,897	436,197	679,094	-	12,131	
Due from other governments	137,830	-	137,830	-	-	
Inventories	-	112,536	112,536	287,446	-	
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	5,943	-	
Restricted assets -						
cash and cash equivalents	678,559	36,487	715,046			
Total current assets	2,993,720	4,458,722	7,452,442	501,629	187,451	
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress	3,155,326	1,319,420	4,474,746	-	-	
Other capital assets,	2.500.511	20 100 1==	25.550.551	10.55=		
net of depreciation	3,580,366	22,198,155	25,778,521	13,737		
Total other assets	6,735,692	23,517,575	30,253,267	13,737		
Total assets	9,729,412	27,976,297	37,705,709	515,366	187,451	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Contributions to pension plan in						
current fiscal year	135,355	70,041	205,396	-	-	
Pension deferrals	340,168	199,782	539,950			
Total deferred outflows of resources	475,523	269,823	745,346			
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	12,253	23,652	35,905	27,388	7,710	
Accrued liabilities	77,135	38,574	115,709	-	-	
Accrued interest	16,807	41,569	58,376	-	-	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits	_	36,487	36,487	_	_	
Total current liabilities	106,195	140,282	246,477	27,388	7,710	
Long-term liabilities:	539 (77	210 404	920 171			
Net pension liability - LGERS Total pension liability - LEOSSA	528,677	310,494	839,171	-	-	
Due within one year	818,775 360,917	699,335	818,775 1,060,252	-	-	
Due in more than one year	1,532,746	7,057,723	8,590,469	-	-	
Total long-term liabilities	3,241,115	8,067,552	11,308,667			
Total liabilities	3,347,310	8,207,834	11,555,144	27,388	7,710	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Prepaid taxes	3,420	_	3,420	_	_	
Pension deferrals	37,005	12,968	49,973	-	-	
Total deferred inflows of resoursces	40,425	12,968	53,393			
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	5,473,498	16,090,496	21,563,994	13,737	-	
Restricted for:						
Stabilization by State statute	380,727	-	380,727	-	12,131	
Streets	662,392	-	662,392	-	-	
Public safety	16,167	-	16,167	-	-	
Other purposes Unrestricted	284,416	3,934,822	4,219,238	79,401 394,840	167,610	
Total net position	\$ 6,817,200	\$ 20,025,318	\$ 26,842,518	\$ 487,978	\$ 179,741	
*	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		 Program Revenues							
E vetter D verse	 Expenses	 Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		G	Capital rants and ntributions			
Functions/Programs: Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ 1,173,433	\$ 95,036	\$	69,385	\$	9,378			
Public safety	2,396,634	4,854		-		329			
Transportation	422,905	-		_		130,138			
Planning and economic	175,605	-		-		-			
Interest on long-term debt	 75,525	_		<u>-</u>		_			
Total governmental activities	 4,244,102	 99,890		69,385		139,845			
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>									
Water and sewer	 3,206,151	 3,913,897		36,937					
Total business-type activities	 3,206,151	 3,913,897	-	36,937	-	<u>-</u>			
Total primary government	\$ 7,450,253	\$ 4,013,787	\$	106,322	\$	139,845			
Component Units:									
ABC Board	\$ 2,715,636	\$ 2,702,122	\$	-	\$	-			
Tourism Development Authority	 133,548	 133,876		_					
Total component units	\$ 2,849,184	\$ 2,835,998	\$		\$	-			

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
		Pı	rimary Governmer	ıt		Compo	onent Units		
	Government Activities	al	Business-Type Activities		Total	Town of Franklin ABC Board	Town of Franklin Tourism Development Authority		
Functions/Programs:									
<b>Primary Government:</b>									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ (999,6		\$ -	\$	(999,634)	\$ -	\$ -		
Public safety	(2,391,4		-		(2,391,451)	-	-		
Transportation	(292,7		-		(292,767)	-	-		
Planning and economic	(175,6		-		(175,605)	-	-		
Interest on long-term debt	(75,5				(75,525)				
Total governmental activities	(3,934,9	<u>(82)</u>			(3,934,982)				
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>									
Water and sewer			744,683		744,683				
Total business-type activities			744,683		744,683				
Total primary government	(3,934,9	82)	744,683		(3,190,299)				
Component Units:									
ABC Board		_	_		_	(13,514)	_		
Tourism Development Authority		_	-		_	-	328		
Total component units		_	-			(13,514)	328		
General Revenues: Taxes:									
Property taxes, levied for									
general purposes	1,954,0		-		1,954,034	-	-		
Other taxes and licenses	1,294,3		-		1,294,339	-	-		
Local option sales tax	736,4		-		736,443	-	-		
Investment earnings, unrestricted	6,7	_	7,783		14,523	1,748	658		
Total general revenues	3,991,5	56	7,783		3,999,339	1,748	658		
Change in net position	56,5	74	752,466		809,040	(11,766)	986		
Net Position:									
Beginning of year - July 1	6,748,4	45	19,088,352		25,836,797	499,744	178,755		
Restatement	12,1	81	184,500		196,681				
Beginning of year - July 1,									
as restated	6,760,6	26	19,272,852		26,033,478	499,744	178,755		
End of year - June 30	\$ 6,817,2	00	\$ 20,025,318	\$	26,842,518	\$ 487,978	\$ 179,741		

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2017

		General Fund		
Assets:	ф	1.067.067		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,867,967		
Receivables, net:		66.465		
Taxes		66,467		
Accounts		242,897		
Due from other governments		137,830		
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	Φ.	678,559		
Total assets	\$	2,993,720		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance: Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	12,253		
Accrued liabilities	Φ	77,135		
Total liabilities		89,388		
Total habilities		07,300		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Prepaid taxes		3,420		
Property taxes receivable		66,467		
Total deferred inflows of resources		69,887		
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Stabilization by State statute		380,727		
Restricted for streets		662,392		
Restricted for public safety		16,167		
Assigned		587,522		
Unassigned		1,187,637		
Total fund balance		2,834,445		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	2,993,720		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because:	
Total fund balance	\$ 2,834,445
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	6,735,692
Net pension liability	(528,677)
Pension related deferrals	(37,005)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	475,523
Other long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(1,262,194)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(232,390)
Other post-employment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(399,079)
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements	66,467
Other long-term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payable in the funds.	(16,807)
Total pension liability	 (818,775)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,817,200

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 General Fund
Revenues:	
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,945,826
Other taxes and licenses	710,170
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	1,320,612
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	139,845
Permits and fees	4,854
Investment earnings	6,740
Miscellaneous	 95,036
Total revenues	 4,223,083
Expenditures:	
Current:	
General government	1,218,642
Public safety	2,098,209
Transportation	503,012
Planning and economic development	175,605
Debt service:	
Principal	744,765
Interest	 58,718
Total expenditures	 4,798,951
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (575,868)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Sale of capital assets	138,417
Long-term debt issued	 560,027
Total other financing sources (uses)	 698,444
Net change in fund balance	122,576
Fund Balance:	
Beginning of year - July 1	 2,711,869
End of year - June 30	\$ 2,834,445

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different due to the following items:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$ 122,576
Property tax revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds statement.	8,208
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.	16,096
Change in deferred outflow - pension	352,763
Change in deferred inflows - pension	40,706
Change in net pension liability	(416,995)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. The transaction does not have an effect on net position.	(560,027)
Debt principal repayments are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, these transactions are not an expense, rather they are a decrease in liabilities.	744,765
Compensated absences expense, pension expense, and OPEB expense reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(214,540)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets.	400,084
The sale/disposal of capital assets is reported as a revenue in the governmental funds statement without subtracting the net book value of the capital assets sold.	(69,032)
Other long-term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payable in the funds.	(16,807)
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds statement.	 (351,223)
Change in net position of governmental activities per Exhibit B	\$ 56,574

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Over/Under
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,982,000	\$ 1,982,000	\$ 1,945,826	\$ (36,174)
Other taxes and licenses	643,454	643,454	710,170	66,716
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	1,153,100	1,167,881	1,320,612	152,731
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	130,000	139,378	139,845	467
Permits and fees	7,200	7,200	4,854	(2,346)
Investment earnings	1,000	1,000	6,740	5,740
Miscellaneous	55,032	66,232	95,036	28,804
Total revenues	3,971,786	4,007,145	4,223,083	215,938
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
General government	1,357,139	1,357,139	1,218,642	138,497
Public safety	2,162,393	2,218,628	2,098,209	120,419
Transportation	794,001	831,685	503,012	328,673
Planning and economic development	180,154	182,489	175,605	6,884
Debt service:				
Principal	357,122	744,918	744,765	153
Interest and fees	55,289	58,567	58,718	(151)
Contingency	79,500	73,500		73,500
Total expenditures	4,985,598	5,466,926	4,798,951	667,975
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,013,812)	(1,459,781)	(575,868)	883,913
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of capital assets	5,000	16,347	138,417	122,070
Long-term debt issued	161,445	552,519	560,027	7,508
Transfers in	79,500	84,500	-	(84,500)
Appropriated fund balance	767,867	806,415	<u>-</u>	(806,415)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,013,812	1,459,781	698,444	(761,337)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	122,576	\$ 122,576
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1			2,711,869	
End of year - June 30			\$ 2,834,445	

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ the\ financial\ statements}.$ 

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer Fund
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,873,502
Accounts receivable, net	436,197
Inventory	112,536
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	36,487
Total current assets	4,458,722
Capital assets:	
Land	1,025,550
Construction in progress	293,870
Other capital assets, net	22,198,155
Total capital assets	23,517,575
Total assets	27,976,297
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	70,041
Pension deferrals	199,782
Total deferred outflows of resources	269,823
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	23,652
Accrued liabilities	38,574
Accrued interest	41,569
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	
Customer deposits	36,487
Current portion of notes payable	658,314
Current portion of compensated absences payable	41,021
Total current liabilities	839,617
Non-current liabilities:	
Notes payable	6,768,765
Net pension liability	310,494
OPEB liability	247,937
Compensated absences payable	41,021
Total non-current liabilities	7,368,217
Total liabilities	8,207,834
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Pension deferrals	12,968
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	16,090,496
Unrestricted	3,934,822
Total net position	\$ 20,025,318

 $\label{the accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.$ 

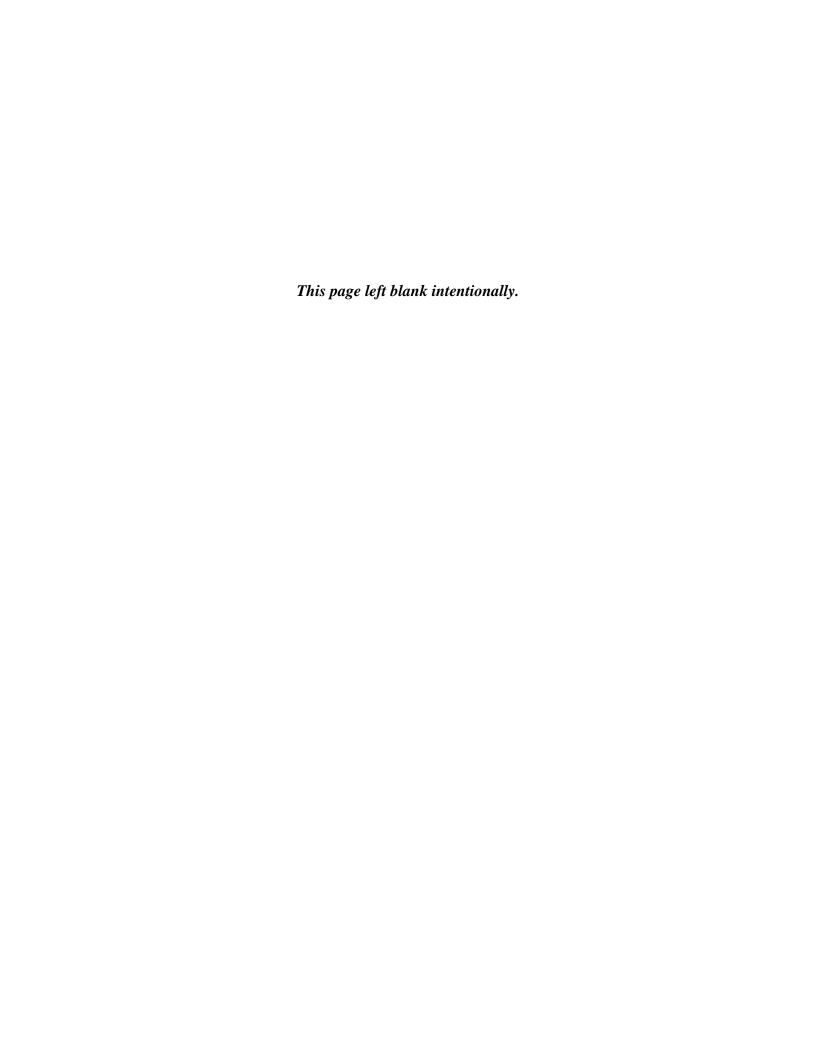
# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer Fund
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>	
Charges for services	\$ 3,893,605
Total operating revenues	3,893,605
Operating Expenses:	
Water/sewer operations	2,330,445
Depreciation	620,150
Total operating expenses	2,950,595
Operating income (loss)	943,010
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Investment earnings	7,783
Interest expense	(255,556)
Macon County appropriations	36,937
Other revenues	20,292
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(190,544)
Change in net position	752,466
Net Position:	
Beginning of year - July 1	19,088,352
Restatement	184,500
Beginning of year - July 1, as restated	19,272,852
End of year - June 30	\$ 20,025,318

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,940,261
Customer deposits received	55
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,022,896
Cash paid to employees	(1,242,523
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,674,897
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:	
Macon County appropriations	36,937
Other revenues	20,292
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	57,229
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(278,125
Debt principal	(648,083
Debt interest	(243,083
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(1,169,291
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	==0
Interest received	7,783
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and investments	570,618
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Beginning of year - July 1	3,339,371
End of year - June 30	\$ 3,909,989
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net	
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 943,010
Depreciation	620,150
Changes in assets and liabilities:	10.00
Accounts receivables	46,656
Inventories	4,214
Accounts payable	11,345
Customer deposits	55
OPEB	22,260
Pension liability  Deformed outflows of recovered for manaign	244,902
Deferred outflows of resources for pension	(207,179
Deferred inflows of resources for pension	(23,906
Accrued vacation	13,390
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,674,897

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Franklin (the "Town") and its discretely presented component units conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

### A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected Mayor and a six-member Board of Aldermen. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component units, legally separate entitles for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in a separate columns in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Town.

### Component Unit - Town of Franklin ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a Proprietary Fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at the Town of Franklin ABC Board, 149 Macon Plaza Drive, Franklin, North Carolina 28734.

### Component Unit - Town of Franklin Tourism Development Authority

The members of the TDA's governing board are appointed by the Town. The TDA, which provides a financial benefit to the Town, was established to receive the proceeds of the room occupancy tax levied pursuant to Session Law SL 2004-105. The TDA is authorized to spend these proceeds to promote travel and tourism. The TDA Board, which has a June 30 yearend, is presented as if it were a governmental fund (discrete presentation). The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

### **B.** Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include: (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and State-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation service, and general governmental services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations. The primary revenue source is charges to water and sewer customers on a monthly basis. The primary expenses are water treatment, sewer treatment, distribution and collection lines, and administration. The Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund is consolidated into the Water and Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes. The budgetary comparison for the Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund has been included in the supplemental information.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognized as operating revenue the portion if tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Macon County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

### D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. A project ordinance is adopted for the Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund. The Enterprise Fund project is consolidated with the operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board and the Board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1, of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The Town Manager and/or Finance Officer are authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund as contained herein under the following conditions:

- a) The Finance Officer may transfer amounts between objects of expenditure within a department.
- b) The Town Manager may transfer amounts between departments, as defined above, with a subsequent report to the Board of Aldermen, recorded in the minutes.
- c) The funding for approved reclassifications may be transferred from the budgeted reserve with the approval of the Town Manager.
- d) No revenues may be increased, no funds may be transferred from the Contingency account in the General Fund or capital projects funds, and no transfers may be made between funds unless formal action is taken by the Board of Aldermen.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

#### **Deposits and Investments**

All deposits of the Town, ABC Board, and the Tourism Development Authority are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town, ABC Board, and the Tourism Development Authority may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town, ABC Board, and the Tourism Development Authority may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town, ABC Board, and the Tourism Development Authority to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. All cash and investments for the ABC Board and the Tourism Development Authority are considered cash and cash equivalents.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Restricted Cash**

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Equitable sharing funds and other law enforcement funds are restricted because they can only be expended for law enforcement purposes.

Restricted cash at June 30, 2017 consists of the following:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

General Fund:

Law enforcement funds	\$ 16,167
Powell Bill	662,392
Total governmental activities	678,559

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

Water and Sewer Fund:

Customer deposits	36,487
Total business-type activities	36,487

Total restricted cash \$ 715,046

#### **Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable**

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1<sup>st</sup> (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6<sup>th</sup>. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016. There are no discounts allowed by the Town.

#### **Allowances for Doubtful Accounts**

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Inventory and Prepaid Items**

The Town's Enterprise Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	50 years
Improvements to facilities	15 years
Computer equipment	3-5 years
Equipment	8 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	6-10 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	<b>Estimated</b>
Asset Class	<b>Useful Lives</b>
Leasehold improvements	10 years
Equipment	3 years

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category, contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year and pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has three items that meet the criteria for this category – property taxes receivable, prepaid taxes, and pension deferrals.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type fund Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts as well as debt issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Compensated Absences**

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide statements, an expense and a liability for compensated absences, and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a last-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave for full-time employees. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the Town has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave or comp time until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave or comp time has been made.

#### **Net Position/Fund Balances**

#### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

#### Non-Spendable Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent, because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance available for appropriation but legally segregated for public safety expenditures.

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Franklin's governing body (highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Aldermen). Any changes or removal of specific purpose restrictions requires majority action by the governing body. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

#### **Assigned Fund Balance**

Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the Town of Franklin intends to use for specific purposes. The Town's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance. The Manager and Finance Officer, as granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, have been granted limited authority to assign fund balance.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the Manager and Finance officer to make certain modifications without requiring Board approval. At June 30, 2017, the Town had \$587,522 assigned for subsequent year's expenditures.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The Town of Franklin has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following order: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town or when required by grant or other contractual agreements.

The Town has not officially adopted a fund balance policy.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 2,834,445
Less:	
Stabilization by State statute	 380,727
Total available fund balance	\$ 2,453,718

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Franklin's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Franklin has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Interfund services provided are accounted for as revenues or expenses in the government-wide financial statements, since they would be treated as such if they involved organizations external to the Town. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas, where estimates are made, are allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

#### 2. Detail Notes On All Funds

#### A. Assets

#### **Deposits**

All of the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board and Tourism Development Authority have no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2017, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,876,944 and a bank balance of \$3,058,580. Of the bank balance, \$481,300 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$2,577,280 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The Town also had cash on hand of \$584 at June 30, 2017. The Town of Franklin ABC Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$208,240 and a bank balance of \$406,177. The Town of Franklin Tourism Development Authority's deposits had a carrying amount of \$175,320 and a bank balance of \$175,320. All of the bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Investments**

At June 30, 2017, the Town had \$3,578,987 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

#### Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund	June 30, 2017				
General Fund:					
Taxes receivable	\$	52,000			
Water and Sewer Fund:					
Accounts receivable	\$	292,647			

#### **Due from Other Governments**

Due from other governments that is owed to the Town consists of the following:

Fund	June 30, 2017			
General Fund:				
Sales tax receivable	\$	22,830		
Franchise tax receivable		115,000		
Total	\$	137,830		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

# **Capital Assets**

# **Governmental Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2016				ıcreases	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2017	
Governmental Activities:								_	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:									
Land	\$	3,224,358	\$		\$	69,032	\$	3,155,326	
Total non-depreciable capital assets		3,224,358				69,032		3,155,326	
Depreciable Capital Assets:									
Buildings		2,978,151		-		-		2,978,151	
Improvements to facilities		282,177		-		-		282,177	
Computer equipment		49,279		186,271		-		235,550	
Equip ment		678,450		69,837		-		748,287	
Furniture and fixtures		156,076		-		-		156,076	
Vehicles		3,237,556		35,176		108,857		3,163,875	
Infrastructure		1,972,895		108,800				2,081,695	
Total depreciable capital assets		9,354,584		400,084		108,857		9,645,811	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:									
Buildings		743,471		58,338		-		801,809	
Improvements to facilities		222,049		5,587		-		227,636	
Computer equipment		49,279		45,745		-		95,024	
Equip ment		510,575		32,636		-		543,211	
Furniture and fixtures		115,965		14,611		-		130,576	
Vehicles		2,517,314		164,626		108,857		2,573,083	
Infrastructure		1,664,426		29,680				1,694,106	
Total accumulated depreciation		5,823,079	\$	351,223	\$	108,857		6,065,445	
Total depreciable capital assets, net		3,531,505						3,580,366	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	6,755,863					\$	6,735,692	

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 84,067
Public safety	227,051
Transportation	 40,105
Total depreciation expense	\$ 351,223

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

# **Proprietary Capital Assets**

The capital asset activity of the Proprietary Fund for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance		
	July 1, 2016	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2017		
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>						
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Land	\$ 1,025,550	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,025,550		
Construction in progress	254,970	38,900		293,870		
Total non-depreciable						
capital assets	1,280,520	38,900		1,319,420		
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Buildings	1,310,387	-	-	1,310,387		
Improvement to facilities	133,469	-	-	133,469		
Equipment	807,018	64,558	18,351	853,225		
Vehicles	406,161	23,184	29,212	400,133		
Water and sewer						
distribution systems	30,022,186	151,483		30,173,669		
Total depreciable capital assets	32,679,221	239,225	47,563	32,870,883		
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings	52,271	4,693	-	56,964		
Improvements to facilities	103,446	2,628	-	106,074		
Equipment	741,851	12,373	18,351	735,873		
Vehicles	334,464	17,491	29,212	322,743		
Water and sewer						
distribution systems	8,868,109	582,965		9,451,074		
Total accumulated depreciation	10,100,141	\$ 620,150	\$ 47,563	10,672,728		
Total depreciable capital						
assets, net	22,579,080			22,198,155		
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 23,859,600			\$ 23,517,575		

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

The total net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2017 is composed of the following elements:

	vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Capital assets	\$ 6,735,692	\$	23,517,575	
Long-term debt related to capital assets	 (1,262,194)		(7,427,079)	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,473,498	\$	16,090,496	

#### **Component Unit**

Capital assets of the ABC Board as of June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	_	Balance y 1, 2016	In	creases	Decr	eases	Balance e 30, 2017
<b>Depreciable Capital Assets:</b>							·
Equipment	\$	169,845	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 169,845
Leasehold improvements		192,476		-		-	192,476
Total depreciable capital assets		362,321	_	-		_	 362,321
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Equipment		147,559		10,252		-	157,811
Leasehold improvements		187,766		3,007			190,773
Total accumulated depreciation	-	335,325	\$	13,259	\$		 348,584
Total depreciable capital assets, net	\$	26,996					\$ 13,737

#### **Construction Commitments**

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2017. At year-end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Spe	nt-to-Date_	Remaining Commitment		
Water treatment plant upgrade and expansion	\$	293,870	\$	3,313,780	
Total	\$	293,870	\$	3,313,780	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### B. Pension Plan and Post-Employment Obligations

#### Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Franklin is a participating employer in the State-wide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at <a href="https://www.osc.nc.gov">www.osc.nc.gov</a>.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Franklin employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Franklin's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 8.00% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.25% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Franklin were \$189,300 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a liability of \$839,171 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Town's proportion was 0.03954%, which was a decrease of 0.00004% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$226,641. At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

De fe rre d		D	e fe rre d
Ou	tflows of	Inf	flows of
Resources		Resources	
\$	15,767	\$	29,406
	57,476		-
	463,957		-
	2,750		5,641
	189,300		_
\$	729,250	\$	35,047
	Ou Re	Outflows of Resources \$ 15,767	Outflows of Resources \$ 15,767

\$189,300 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30	Total		
2018	\$	76,480	
2019		76,530	
2020		218,616	
2021		133,277	
Total	\$	504,903	

**Actuarial Assumptions.** The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increase	3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including
	inflation

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons.

Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	Increase (8.25%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,991,745	\$ 839,171	\$ (123,544)

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

#### Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

**Plan Description.** The Town administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

At December 31, 2015, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	17
Total	20

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria, which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2015 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increase 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.86 percent

The discount rate used to measure the TPL is the weekly average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond index determined at the end of each month.

**Deaths after Retirement (Healthy):** RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 104% for males and 100% for females.

**Deaths before Retirement:** RP-2014 Employee base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015.

**Deaths after Retirement (Beneficiary):** RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 123% for males and females.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

**Deaths after Retirement (Disabled):** RP-2014 Disabled Retiree base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 103% for males and 99% for females.

**Contributions.** The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operation budget. There were no contributions made by the employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this Plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$44,515 as benefits came due.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$818,775. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016 based on a December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$50,518.

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	Rese	ources	Re	sources
Changes of assumptions	\$	_	\$	14,926
Town benefit payments and plan administrative				
expense made subsequent to the measurement date		16,096		
Total	\$	16,096	\$	14,926

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

\$16,096 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 <u> Fotal</u>
2018	\$ 3,385
2019	3,385
2020	3,385
2021	3,385
2022	1,386
Total	\$ 14,926

\$15,911 paid as benefits came due and \$185 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.86%, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.86%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.86%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (2.86%)	Rate (3.86%)	Increase (4.86%)
Town's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$883,733	\$818,755	\$758,829

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

# Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Seperation Allowance

	2017	
Beginning balance	\$	827,883
Service cost		24,957
Interest on the total pension liability		28,761
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(18,311)
Benefit payments		(44,515)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	818,775

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy) the current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

#### Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

**Plan Description.** The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a board of trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

**Funding Policy.** Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$50,347, which consisted of \$39,992 from the Town and \$10,355 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Defined Contribution 40l(k) Plan**

The Town sponsors a defined contribution 401(k) plan, in which the Town currently contributes 5% to each eligible employee. The Town's portion of contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$85,357. The employees' elected deferrals to the Plan were \$24,164 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

#### **Healthcare Benefits**

**Plan Description.** According to a Town resolution, the Town allows employees who retire under the provisions of the North Carolina Local Government Retirement System (LGERS) to participate in the Town's healthcare plan upon retirement, until they become eligible for Medicare. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan. The Town will pay a percentage of healthcare premiums based on certain criteria noted in the funding policy below.

Also, retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the Town's group rates if the dependent was enrolled at the time of the employee's retirement. Dependent coverage terminates at the earliest of five years, upon the retiree becoming eligible for Medicare, attaining age 65, or upon retiree death. The Board of Alderman may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the Plan.

Membership of the healthcare plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2015, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retired members	5
Active members:	
General employees	32
Firefighters	6
Law enforcement	17
Total	60

**Funding Policy.** The Town will pay 100% of the premium if the employee has at least 30 years of service with the Town, or at least 20 years of service with the Town, and has attained the age of sixty-two. The Town will pay 75% of the premium if the employee has at least 15 years of service with the Town and has attained age fifty-seven. The Town will pay 100% of the premium for employees retiring due to medical disability, providing they have at least twenty years of service, or 75%, if they are age 57 with fifteen years of service and retire due to medical disability. The Town has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay-as-yougo basis.

The current ARC rate is 4.75% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the Town made contributions in the amount of \$48,113 or 2.11% of annual covered payroll. The Town

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The Town's required contributions, under a Town resolution, for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 1.51% and 0.60% of covered payroll, respectively. The Town's contributions totaled \$48,113 in fiscal year 2017. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the Board of Aldermen.

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.** Post-employment expenditures are made from the fund the employee was assigned to prior to retirement. The General Fund is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting and the Water and Sewer Fund is maintained on the full accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 108,481
Interest on net OPEB obligation	23,424
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(22,378)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	109,527
Contributions made	 48,113
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	61,414
Net OPEB obligation:	
Beginning of year - July 1	 585,602
End of year - June 30	\$ 647,016

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and net OPEB obligation for 2017 were as follows:

Year Ended		Annual OPEB		Percentage of	Net OPEB			
				<b>Annual OPEB</b>				
	June 30	une 30 Cos		<b>Cost Contributed</b>	Ol	bligation		
	2017	\$	109,527	43.93%	\$	647,016		
	2016		114,078	46.26%		585,602		
	2015		84.169	55.06%		524.296		

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2015, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$1,341,114. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,281,720, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 58.8%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan, and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing, over time, relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

**Actuarial Methods and Assumptions.** Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the Plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 7.75 to 5.00% annually. Both rates included a 3.00% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2015 was 30 years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Other Employment Benefits**

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death, are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town was does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources are comprised of the following:

	A	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in		
current fiscal year - LGERS	\$	189,300
Benefit payments made and administration		
expenses for LEOSSA		16,096
Differences between expected and actual experience		15,767
Changes of assumptions		57,476
Net difference between projected and actual experience		463,957
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share		2,750
	\$	745,346

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

	Amount
Taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$ 66,467
Prepaid taxes	3,420
Changes in assumptions	14,926
Differences between expected and actual experience	29,406
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share	5,641
	\$119,860

#### Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in risk-financing through Travelers Insurance and obtains workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. Specific information on the limits and of the insurance purchased can be obtained by contacting the Wayah Insurance Agency, 295 East Palmer Street, Franklin, North Carolina.

Commercial flood insurance is not available within the Town limits since the Town does not participate in the National Flood Insurance Program. However, the Town has Commercial Property Insurance coverage on the utility property that is subject to flooding and also carried flood insurance on the police department and fire department properties.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is bonded for \$50,000, and the Tax Collector is bonded for \$25,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

The Finance Officer of the Town of Franklin Tourism Development Authority, who is also the Finance Officer of the Town, is bonded under a separate bond for the Authority's operations for \$100,000.

The Town of Franklin ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workers' Compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### Claims, Judgments, and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2017, it is the opinion of the Town's management and the Town attorney that there are no legal matters pending that would have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

#### **Capital Leases**

The Town has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreement qualify as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of lease inception.

The agreement was executed on October 5, 2016 to lease computer equipment and requires five annual lease payments. The title passes to the Town at the end of the lease term.

At June 30, 2017, the Town leased software valued at:

Classes of Property	Cost	umulated preciation	Net Book Value		
General government:					
Computer equipment	\$ 168,953	\$ 42,238	\$	126,715	

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30	Amount			
2018	\$	45,382		
2019		45,382		
2020		45,382		
Total minimum lease payments		136,146		
Less: amount representing interest		11,000		
Present value of the minimum lease payments	\$	125,146		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Installment Purchases and Note Payable**

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Serviced by the General Fund: Municipal buildings, executed \$1,539,720 in September 2012, under an installment purchase contract, due in semi-annual installments of \$68,400, including interest of 2.32%, through June 2024	\$ 920,160
Aerial truck and pumper tanker, executed \$391,074 in November 2016, under an installment purchase contract, due in annual installments of \$177,615 through June 2017, and \$74,567 from June 2018 through June 2020; including interest of 1.891%	216,888
Total General Fund	\$ 1,137,048
Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund: Water and Sewer Department, executed \$2,737,280 in September 2012, under an installment purchase contract, due in semi-annual installments of \$121,600, including interest of 2.32%, through June 2024	\$ 1,635,840
Water and Sewer Department, executed \$2,619,500 in June 2010, under an installment purchase contract, due in semi-annual installments of \$254,695, including interest of 5.11%, through June 2025	1,638,852
Water and Sewer Department, executed \$5,018,104 in June 2012, under a Clean Water State Revolving Fund loan, due in annual installments of \$267,515, plus interest of 2.445%, through May 2033	 4,152,387
Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 7,427,079

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	(	Government	tal A	ctivities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
June 30	P	rincipal	<u>I</u>	nterest		Principal	Interest			
2018	\$	199,340	\$	24,716	\$	658,314	\$	223,191		
2019		201,531		20,634		668,970		202,828		
2020		203,737		16,512		680,071		181,975		
2021		131,400		12,342		691,642		160,607		
2022		132,480		9,296		703,706		138,703		
2023-2027		268,560		9,354		2,467,231		374,446		
2028-2032		-		-		1,297,621		126,907		
2033						259,524		6,345		
Total	\$	1,137,048	\$	92,854	\$	7,427,079	\$	1,415,002		

At June 30, 2017, the Town had a legal debt margin of \$54,837,463.

#### **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

	Balance July 1, 2016		Ir	ıcreases	S Decreases		Balance June 30, 2017		Current Portion	
Governmental Activities:										
Installment purchase	\$	1,047,240	\$	391,074	\$	301,266	\$	1,137,048	\$	199,340
Capital leases		399,692		168,953		443,499		125,146		45,382
Compensated absences		107,337		282,260		157,207		232,390		116,195
OPEB		359,925		69,828		30,674		399,079		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		111,682		416,995		-		528,677		-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		316,329		502,446		_		818,775		
Governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	2,342,205	\$	1,831,556	\$	932,646	\$	3,241,115	\$	360,917
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>										
Installment purchase										
and note payable	\$	8,075,162	\$	-	\$	648,083	\$	7,427,079	\$	658,314
OPEB		225,677		39,699		17,439		247,937		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		65,592		244,902		-		310,494		-
Compensated absences		68,652		84,943		71,553		82,042		41,021
Business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	8,435,083	\$	369,544	\$	737,075	\$	8,067,552	\$	699,335

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### C. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

#### **On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries**

The Town has recognized as a revenue and an expenditure, on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries of \$14,781 for the salary supplement and stipend benefits paid to eligible firemen by the local board of trustees of the Firemen's Relief Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Under State law the local board of trustees for the fund receives an amount each year, which the board may use at its own discretion for eligible firemen or their departments.

#### D. Jointly Governed Organization

#### **Joint Ventures**

The Town and the members of the Town's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local Board of Trustees for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The State Insurance Commissioner appoints one additional member to the local Board of Trustees. The Firemen's Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightening insurance premiums that insurers remit to the State. The State passes these monies to the local board of the Firemen's Relief Fund. The funds are used to assist firefighters in various ways. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2017. The Firemen's Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local Board of Trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firemen's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.

#### E. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

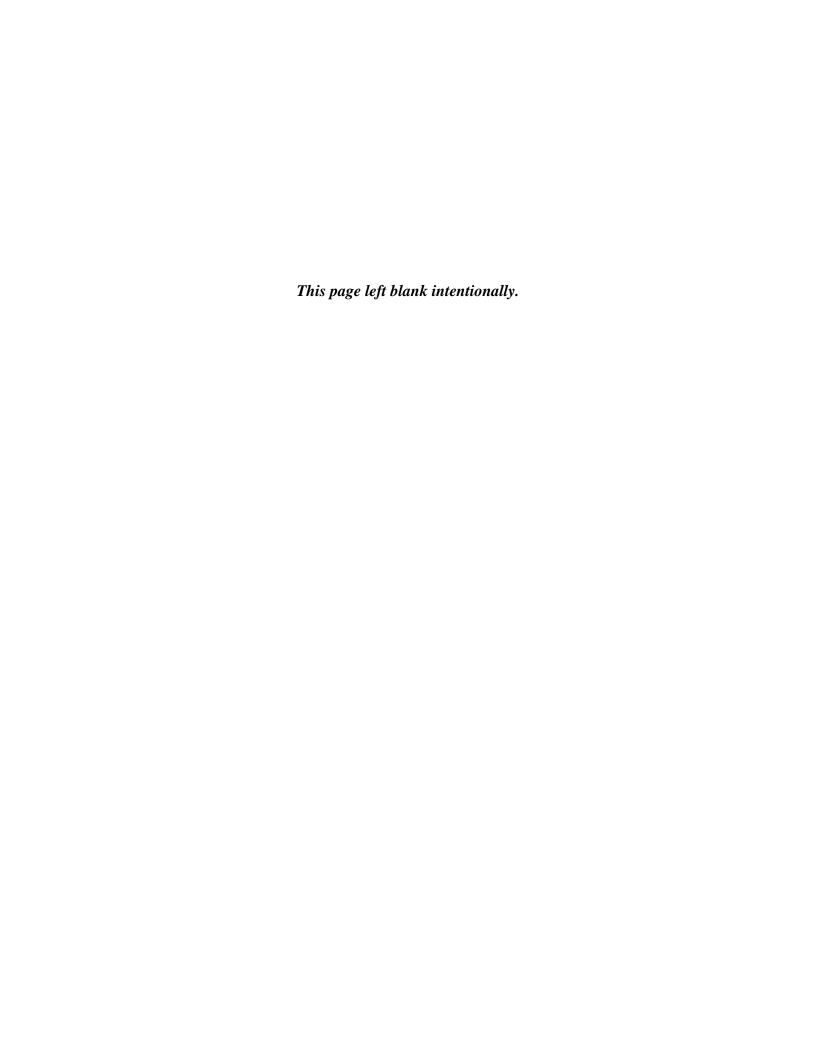
#### F. Restatement

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Town determined that certain capital assets were not properly added in the year of acquisition. Beginning capital asset balances and related net position balances have been adjusted for that reporting error in the amount of \$479,220 for governmental activities and \$184,500 for business-type activities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### G. Change In Accounting Principles/Restatement

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The implementation of the statement required the Town to record beginning total pension liability and the effects on net position of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid by the Town to the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance during the measurement period. As a result, net position for governmental activities decreased \$467,039.



## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPERATION ALLOWANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

# Law Enforcement Officers' Special Seperation Allowance

	 2017
Beginning balance	\$ 827,883
Service cost	24,957
Interest on the total pension liability	28,761
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(18,311)
Benefit payments	 (44,515)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 818,775

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

# SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPERATION ALLOWANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### Law Enforcement Officers' Special Seperation Allowance

	2017			
Total pension liability	\$	818,775		
Covered payroll		818,843		
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		99.99%		

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Franklin has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS -RETIREE HEALTH PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

**Schedule of Funding Progress** 

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Liab Pro	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit (B)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
12/31/2010	\$ -	\$	896,944	\$	896,944	0.00%	\$ 2,189,609	40.9%	
12/31/2013	_		1,344,390		1,344,390	0.00%	2,257,116	59.6%	
12/31/2015	-		1,341,114		1,341,114	0.00%	2,281,720	58.8%	

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended June 30	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)		Amount Contributed By Employer		Percentage of ARC Contributed	
2017	\$	108,481	\$	48,113	44.35%	
2016		113,141		52,772	46.64%	
2015		83,299		46,345	55.64%	

#### **Notes to the Required Schedules:**

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	12/31/2015
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	4.00%
Medical cost trend rate	7.75%-5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rate	2022

<sup>\*</sup> Includes inflation at 3.00%

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS\*

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.03954%	0.03950%	0.04056%	0.04030%
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 839,171	\$ 177,274	\$ (239,201)	\$ 485,770
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,396,096	\$ 2,239,266	\$ 2,267,471	\$ 2,186,680
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	35.02%	7.92%	-10.55%	22.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TOWN OF FRANKLIN'S CONTRIBUTIONS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2017		017 2016		_	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	189,300	\$	165,174	\$	161,032	\$	163,874
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		189,300	_	165,174		161,032	_	163,874
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,504,775	\$	2,396,096	\$	2,239,266	\$	2,267,471
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.56%		6.89%		7.19%		7.23%

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$ 1,976,000	\$ 1,932,808	\$ (43,192)
Penalties and interest	6,000	13,018	7,018
Total	1,982,000	1,945,826	(36,174)
Other Taxes and Licenses:			
Fire tax	643,454	684,223	40,769
Vehicle rental tax	<u>-</u>	25,947	25,947
Total	643,454	710,170	66,716
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues:			
Local option sales tax	640,000	736,443	96,443
Utility franchise tax	440,600	477,002	36,402
Beer and wine tax	-	18,372	18,372
ABC profit distribution	70,000	70,000	-
On-behalf of payments - Fire and Rescue	14,781	14,781	-
Occupancy tax	2,500	4,014	1,514
Total	1,167,881	1,320,612	152,731
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:			
Powell Bill allocation	125,000	130,138	5,138
Miscellaneous grants	14,378	9,707	(4,671)
Total	139,378	139,845	467
Permits and Fees:			
Zoning permits	4,000	2,475	(1,525)
Cable franchise fees	2,200	426	(1,774)
Sign permits	1,000	1,953	953
Total	7,200	4,854	(2,346)
Investment Earnings	1,000	6,740	5,740
Miscellaneous	66,232	95,036	28,804
Total revenues	4,007,145	4,223,083	215,938

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Governing Body:			
Salaries and employee benefits	32,500	32,295	205
Operating expenses	108,050	98,931	9,119
Professional services	40,050	37,080	2,970
Total	180,600	168,306	12,294
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	233,328	203,439	29,889
Operating expenses	23,750	22,883	867
Professional services	10,500	7,850	2,650
Total	267,578	234,172	33,406
Finance:			
Salaries and employee benefits	186,784	144,999	41,785
Operating expenses	12,300	8,133	4,167
Professional services	10,200	7,580	2,620
Total	209,284	160,712	48,572
Billing:			
Salaries and employee benefits	58,007	41,506	16,501
Operating expenses	9,044	6,727	2,317
Total	67,051	48,233	18,818
Legal and Election:			
Operating expenses	7,700	7,418	282
Professional services	63,500	52,790	10,710
Total	71,200	60,208	10,992
Facilities:			
Salaries and employee benefits	102,031	99,533	2,498
Operating expenses	225,600	211,451	14,149
Professional services	2,850	2,541	309
Total	330,481	313,525	16,956

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Information Technology:			
Operating expenses	33,676	29,263	4,413
Professional services	18,500	17,953	547
Capital outlay	178,769	186,270	(7,501)
Total	230,945	233,486	(2,541)
Total general government	1,357,139	1,218,642	138,497
Public Safety:			
Police:	1.256.050	1 220 042	26.026
Salaries and employee benefits	1,256,878	1,220,842	36,036
Operating expenses	215,218	150,261	64,957
Capital outlay	61,245	60,676	569
Total	1,533,341	1,431,779	101,562
Fire:			
Salaries and employee benefits	482,939	474,097	8,842
Operating expenses	177,726	167,726	10,000
Capital outlay	24,622	24,607	15
Total	685,287	666,430	18,857
Total public safety	2,218,628	2,098,209	120,419
Transportation:			
Streets and Highways:			
Salaries and employee benefits	108,751	99,467	9,284
Operating expenses	351,100	257,820	93,280
Capital outlay	340,150	128,529	211,621
Total	800,001	485,816	314,185
Memorial Park			
Operating expenses	18,884	4,396	14,488
Total	18,884	4,396	14,488

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
NC Bike & Pedestrian Planning			
Operating expenses	12,800	12,800	
Total	12,800	12,800	
Total transportation	831,685	503,012	328,673
Planning and Economic Development:			
Salaries and employee benefits	87,283	86,407	876
Operating expenses	14,571	11,605	2,966
Total	101,854	98,012	3,842
Festivals and Events:			
Operating expenses	60,635	60,427	208
Total	60,635	60,427	208
Traffic:			
Salaries and employee benefits	16,000	14,638	1,362
Operating expenses	4,000	2,528	1,472
Total	20,000	17,166	2,834
Total planning and economic development	182,489	175,605	6,884
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	744,918	744,765	153
Interest and fees	58,567	58,718	(151)
Total debt service	803,485	803,483	2
Contingency	73,500	<u>-</u>	73,500
Total expenditures	5,466,926	4,798,951	667,975

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,459,781)	(575,868)	(452,037)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Appropriated fund balance	806,415	_	806,415
Transfer in	84,500	_	84,500
Long-term debt issued	552,519	560,027	(7,508)
Sale of capital assets	16,347	138,417	(122,070)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,459,781	698,444	761,337
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	122,576	\$ 122,576
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year - July 1	_	2,711,869	
End of year - June 30	\$	2,834,445	

ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget		 Actual		ariance er/Under_
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services:					
Water and sewer charges	\$	3,295,500	\$ 3,486,969	\$	191,469
Water and sewer taps		50,550	81,420		30,870
Availability fees		12,000	85,200		73,200
Capacity fees		-	98,280		98,280
Dumping fees		60,000	122,711		62,711
Reconnections		15,000	 19,025		4,025
Total operating revenues		3,433,050	 3,893,605		460,555
Non-Operating Revenues:					
Investment earnings		1,000	7,783		6,783
Macon County appropriations		36,171	36,937		766
Other revenues		18,310	 20,292		1,982
Total non-operating revenues		55,481	 65,012		9,531
Total revenues		3,488,531	 3,958,617		470,086
Expenditures:					
Water and Sewer Operations:					
Salaries and employee benefits		1,493,907	1,291,990		201,917
Utilities		204,000	204,000		-
Supplies		289,489	265,743		23,746
Insurance and bonds		60,000	55,507		4,493
Professional services		206,373	149,584		56,789
Administrative fee		-	40,022		(40,022)
Repairs and maintenance		204,417	176,241		28,176
Miscellaneous		156,185	 97,891		58,294
Total water and sewer operations		2,614,371	 2,280,978		333,393
Capital Outlay:					
Water extensions		175,000	151,483		23,517
Equipment		65,016	64,558		458
Vehicles		23,506	 23,184		322
Total capital outlay	-	263,522	 239,225	-	24,297

# ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	<b>Budget</b>	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	648,083	648,083	-
Interest	243,084	243,083	1
Total debt service	891,167	891,166	1
Total expenditures	3,769,060	3,411,369	357,691
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(280,529)	547,248	827,777
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers out	(28,900)	-	28,900
Appropriated fund balance	309,429		(309,429)
Total other financing sources (uses)	280,529		(280,529)
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 547,248	\$ 547,248
Reconciliation from Modified Accrual			
Basis to Full Accrual Basis:			
Revenues and other financing sources over		<b>.</b>	
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		\$ 547,248	
Reconciling items: Change in accrued vacation		(12 200)	
Capital outlay		(13,390) 239,225	
Payment of debt principal		648,083	
Net pension liability		(244,902)	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		207,179	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		23,906	
Change in accrued interest		(12,473)	
Change in OPEB liability		(22,260)	
Depreciation		(620,150)	
Change in net position		\$ 752,466	

WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Actual									
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total To Date			Variance ver/Under
Expenditures:										
Water Treatment Plant Upgrade and Expansion	\$	3,607,650	\$	254,970	\$	38,900	\$	293,870	\$	3,313,780
Total expenditures		3,607,650		254,970		38,900		293,870		3,313,780
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,607,650)		(254,970)		(38,900)		(293,870)		3,313,780
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfer from other funds		28,900		-		-		-		(28,900)
Clean Water State Revolving Fund loan		3,578,750		-		-		-		(3,578,750)
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,607,650							_	(3,607,650)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	-	\$	(254,970)	\$	(38,900)	\$	(293,870)	\$	(293,870)

# SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2017

Fiscal Year	I	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2016		Additions		Collections nd Credits		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2017
2016-2017	\$	-	\$	1,963,488	\$	1,901,217	\$	62,271
2015-2016		47,175		-		31,204		15,971
2014-2015		16,620		-		5,469		11,151
2013-2014		12,389		-		4,561		7,828
2012-2013		8,879		-		2,478		6,401
2011-2012		6,776		-		2,258		4,518
2010-2011		5,447		-		877		4,570
2009-2010		2,826		-		698		2,128
2008-2009		2,317		-		152		2,165
2007-2008		1,487		-		23		1,464
2006-2007		1,343		-		1,343		-
Total	\$	105,259	\$	1,963,488	\$	1,950,280		118,467
Less: Allowance for uncoll	ectible ad v	alorem taxes	receiv	able			_	52,000
Ad valorem taxes receivable	le - net						\$	66,467
Reconcilement with Reve Taxes - ad valorem Releases, refunds, and othe Amounts written off for tax	r adjustmer		nitatio	ns			\$	1,932,808 3,111 1,343
Interest collected								13,018
Total collections and credit	S						\$	1,950,280

#### ANALYSIS OF CURRENT YEAR LEVY TOWN-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

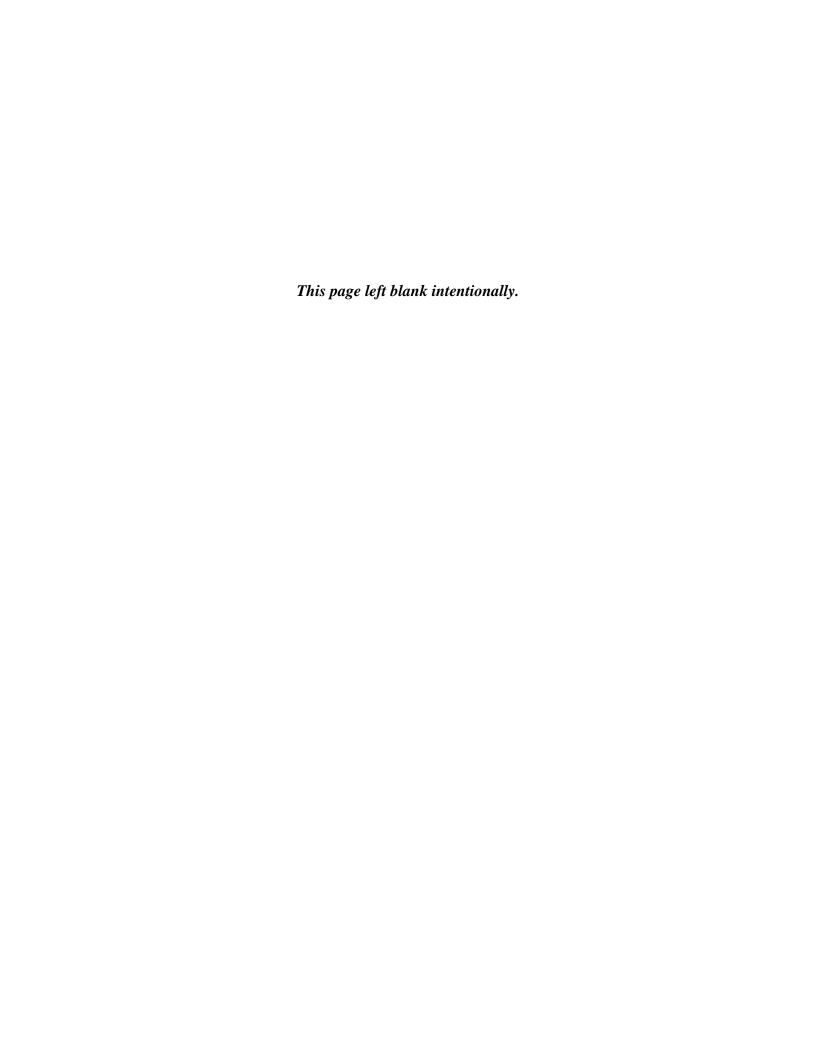
			Total Levy				
	Te	own-Wide		Property Excluding Registered	Registered		
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles		
Original Levy:							
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 705,795,357	\$ 0.28	\$ 1,976,227	\$ 1,856,045	\$ 120,182		
Discoveries	17,648,571	0.28	49,416	49,416			
Releases	(22,198,214)	0.28	(62,155)	(62,155)	<del>_</del>		
Total property valuation	\$ 701,245,714						
Net Levy			1,963,488	1,843,306	120,182		
Uncollected taxes as of June 30, 2017			62,271	62,271	<del>_</del>		
<b>Current Year's Taxes Collected</b>			\$ 1,901,217	\$ 1,781,035	\$ 120,182		
Current Levy Collection Percentage			<u>96.83%</u>	<u>96.62%</u>	100.00%		

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FRANKLIN TOURISM DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

	A	uthority
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	175,320
Accounts receivable		12,131
Total assets	\$	187,451
Liabilities:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	7,710
Fund Balance:		
Restricted for:		
Stabilization by State statute		12,131
Tourism		167,610
Total fund balance		179,741
	Ф	105 151
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	187,451
Reconciliation of total fund balance shown above to Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A):		
Fund balance, modified accrual basis (above)	\$	179,741

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FRANKLIN TOURISM DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Occupancy tax revenues	\$	105,264	\$	133,823	\$	28,559
Interest		-		658		658
Refunds				53		53
Total revenues		105,264		134,534		29,270
Expenditures:						
Operating:						
Professional services		133,548		133,548		
Total expenditures		133,548		133,548		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(28,284)		986		29,270
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Fund balance appropriated		28,284				(28,284)
Total other financing sources (uses)		28,284				(28,284)
Net change in fund balance	\$			986	\$	986
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1				178,755		
End of year - June 30			\$	179,741		





"A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants"

# Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Franklin, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the Town of Franklin, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2017. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Town of Franklin ABC Board, as described in our report on the Town of Franklin's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Town of Franklin ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2017-002 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2017-001 to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Franklin's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Town of Franklin's Responses to Findings**

The Town of Franklin's responses to the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Town's responses were not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

October 13, 2017

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

**Financial Statements** 

statements noted?

# Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? X Yes No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? X Yes None reported Non-compliance material to financial

\_\_\_\_\_ Yes <u>X</u> No

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

**Significant Deficiency** 

**Finding 2017-001** 

**Criteria:** Management should have a system in place to reduce the likelihood of errors in financial reporting.

Condition: The external auditor prepared a draft of the basic financial statements, all required note disclosures, and supplemental schedules. Financial reporting under the accounting standards promulgated by the Financial Accounting Standards Board and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires a level of technical expertise not possessed by Town personnel with regards to drafting full accrual, full disclosure year-end financial statements.

**Effect:** Errors in financial reporting could occur.

**Cause:** There are limited resources as it relates to the preparation of full accrual, full disclosure year-end financial statements.

**Identification of a Repeat Finding:** This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2016-001.

**Recommendation:** The cost of acquiring the technical expertise to comply with the financial reporting requirements discussed above appears cost prohibitive. Therefore, the Town should exercise due care in overseeing drafting services and reviewing the financial statements drafted by the external auditor as the Town is responsible for the accuracy of the audited financial statements.

**Corrective Action/Management Response:** The Town agrees with this finding and will adhere to the Corrective Action Plan on page 81 of this report.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

**Material Weakness** 

**Finding 2017-002** 

**Criteria:** Management should have a system in place to reduce the likelihood of errors in financial reporting.

**Condition:** During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Town determined that certain capital assets were not properly added in the year of acquisition. Beginning capital asset balances and related net position balances have been adjusted for that reporting error for governmental activities and business-type activities.

**Effect:** For the statements affected, the prior year financial statements were misstated.

Cause: Incomplete capital asset listings for prior year.

**Recommendation:** Additional review of capital asset listing should be completed annually by department heads, finance officer, and town manager for accuracy and completeness to prevent prior period adjustments in the future.

**Corrective Action/Management Response:** The Town agrees with this finding and will adhere to the Corrective Action Plan on page 81 of this report.

# Town of Franklin



Post Office Box 1479 Franklin, North Carolina 28744 (828) 524-2516

#### CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### Significant Deficiency

Finding 2017-001:

Name of Contact Person: Summer Woodard

Corrective Action: Management has evaluated the cost benefit and has chosen to engage the external auditor to perform this function. The Town exercises due care in reviewing the financial statements drafted by the external auditor and reconciles the statements to the Town's financial records. The Town is responsible for the accuracy of the audited financial statements.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately.

**Material Weakness** 

Finding 2017-002:

Name of Contact Person: Summer Woodard

Corrective Action: Management is aware of the prior year adjustment and will continue to work with staff implementing procedures to prevent future adjustments.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately.

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Finding 2016-001**

**Status:** Repeated as Finding 2017-001. Management has evaluated the cost benefit and has chosen to engage the external auditor to perform this function.

**Corrective Action:** Management is aware of the weakness but, due to the cost benefit analysis, they will continue to rely on the external auditor to draft the year-end financial statements. The Town will exercise due care in reviewing the financial statements drafted by the external auditor as the Town is responsible for the accuracy of the audited financial statements.

